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06/02/2009

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/582,228	06/09/2006	Niaz Irekovich Akishev	290310US41X PCT	1996
22850 7590 06/02/2009 OBLON, SPIVAK, MCCLELLAND MAIER & NEUSTADT, P.C.			EXAMINER	
1940 DUKE STREET ALEXANDRIA, VA 22314			WATKINS III, WILLIAM P	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1794	
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE

## Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

patentdocket@oblon.com oblonpat@oblon.com jgardner@oblon.com

## Office Action Summary

Application No.	Applicant(s)	
10/582,228	AKISHEV ET AL.	
Examiner	Art Unit	
William P. Watkins III	1794	

	William P. Watkins III	1794	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app	ears on the cover sheet with the o	correspondence ad	ldress
Period for Reply			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.15 and 50 C(6) MONTH's from the maining date of the communication.  - Failure to reply within the size or extended period for reply will by statute. Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.70(b).	TE OF THIS COMMUNICATION  (a). In no event, however, may a reply be tir  (ii) apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from  cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this c D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	,
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 05 Fe	bruary 2009.		
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) ☐ This	action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar	ce except for formal matters, pro	secution as to the	merits is
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	53 O.G. 213.	
Disposition of Claims			
4) Claim(s) 1-5 is/are pending in the application.			
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray	n from consideration.		
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.			
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-5</u> is/are rejected.			
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.			
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.		
Application Papers			
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine			
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on 05 February 2009 is/are		d to by the Exami	ner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	·- · ·- ·	•	
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correcti			FR 1.121(d)
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a	)-(d) or (f).	
Certified copies of the priority documents		ian Na	
2. Certified copies of the priority documents			C4
Copies of the certified copies of the prior	•	eo in this National	Stage
application from the International Bureau			
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	or the certified copies not receive	eu.	

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Attachment(s)		
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)	
Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Date	
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/S6/08)	5). Notice of Informal Patent Application	
Paper No/s VMail Date 23 April 2009	6) Other:	

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## DETAILED ACTION

 The 112 rejection of claim 1 is withdrawn in view of applicant's claim amendments.

- The rejection using Stagg et al. is withdrawn in view of applicant's claim amendments filed 05 February 2009. A new ground of rejection is given below.
- The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- Claims 1-5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Renck et al. U.S. 6,815,022 B2) in view of Sharp et al. (U.S. 3,767,498).

Renck et al. teaches a paper core of a three dimensional object with adhesive binder that is coated on and penetrates holes on both sides of the paper core to join the two adhesive layers to each other (abstract). Sharp et al. teaches the use of both paper and Nomex polymer paper as good materials for the cores of sandwich panels (col. 3, lines 40-50). The instant invention claims the use of a polymer paper with

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perforations and a resin coating on both sides of a perforated paper core material of a sandwich panel in order to increase the strength of the core. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to have used a polymer paper as the core material of Renck et al. in view of the teachings of Sharp et al. that paper and polymer papers have a similar ability to function as core materials in sandwich panels. Selection of a specific size and number of hole to achieve a given strength for the core sheet is taken as being within the ordinary skill in the art. An increase in core strength from

perforation would allow a decrease in the amount of resin used for a given strength

sandwich panel. Phenolic resin is a common paper adhesive.

5. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., In re Berg, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); In re Goodman, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPC2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); In re Longi, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPC 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); In re Van Omum, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPC 761 (CCPA 1982); In re Vogel, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and In re Thorington, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPC 944 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3,73(b). Application/Control Number: 10/582,228 Page 4

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6. Claims 1-5 are provisionally rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claim 1 of copending Application No. 10/582,784 in view of Renck et al. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the instant claims would have been obvious from the perforations in the core of the claim of the '784 patent in view of the teachings of Renck et al to coat both sides of a perforated core, and the claim of the '784 patent would have been obvious over the claim of the instant core in view of its intended use in a sandwich panel. Use of the instant claimed core in a sandwich panel would inherently result in some of the perforations being adjacent the face sheets.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

- Applicant's arguments filed 05 February 2009 have been fully considered but are moot in view of the new grounds of rejection.
- Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

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A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

9. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to William P. Watkins III whose telephone number is 571-272-1503. The examiner works an increased flex time schedule, but can normally be reached Monday through Friday, 11:30 A.M. through 8:00 P.M. Eastern Time. The examiner returns all calls within one business day unless an extended absence is noted on his voice mail greeting.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David Sample can be reached on 571-272-1376. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR of Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <a href="https://pair-direct.uspto.gov">https://pair-direct.uspto.gov</a>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1794